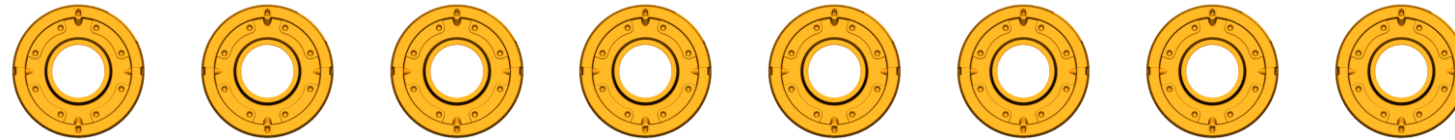


HOW TO ACHIEVE THE BEST COMPACT GATING DESIGN AND BALANCED FILLING FOR MULTI-CAVITY HPDC?



PLANT



KEMALPASA:

Foundry, Machining, Cleaning, Assembly

- 27.000 m² Land
- 14.000 m² Closed Area

AEGEAN FREE ZONE:

Pump Assembly line

1.200 m² Closed area

2 Plants in İzmir:



CAPABILITIES - FOUNDRY & MACHINING

FOUNDRY

- 20 casting cell
- 13.000 ton/year Casting Capacity (net)
- Fully automatic cells including trimming press



- 1900 TON
- 1650 TON
- 1350 TON x 2
- 1250 TON x2
- 900 TON x2
- 880 TON x3
- 750 TON
- 720 TON
- 550 TON
- 580 TON
- 550 TON
- 500 TON
- 400 TON x2
- 320 TON

MACHINING

Total 34 machining stations

- 9 Station: 5 Axis - Double Spindle - Double palet
- 15 Station: 4 Axis - Double palet
- 7 Station: 3 Axis - Double palet



CAPABILITIES – QUALITY & ENGINEERING

QUALITY

- X-Ray Machines
 - 1- YXLON -CT Analysis
 - 2- BOSELLO -Xray
- 3D Measuring
 - 1. ZEISS CONTURA x2
 - 2. DEA x2
- Optical control unit ZEISS - COMET L3D 2M
- Cleanliness Test Control Laboratory
- Spectrometer (x 2pcs).
- Metalurgical Microscope
- Density & Density Index Measurement Device
- Profile Projector
- Roughness Measurement Equipment
- Industrial Endoscope

ENGINEERING

- PROTOTYPE PRODUCTION
- COMPLETE PART DESIGN
- COMPLETE MOLD DESIGN
- TEST LABORATORY;
 - 2 Pc electric pump performance test station
 - 2 Pcs endurance test stations
 - 1 Pc Dynamometer brake test system
 - 1 Pc Climatic test cabin



CUSTOMERS



Otokar

DELPHI

IVECO

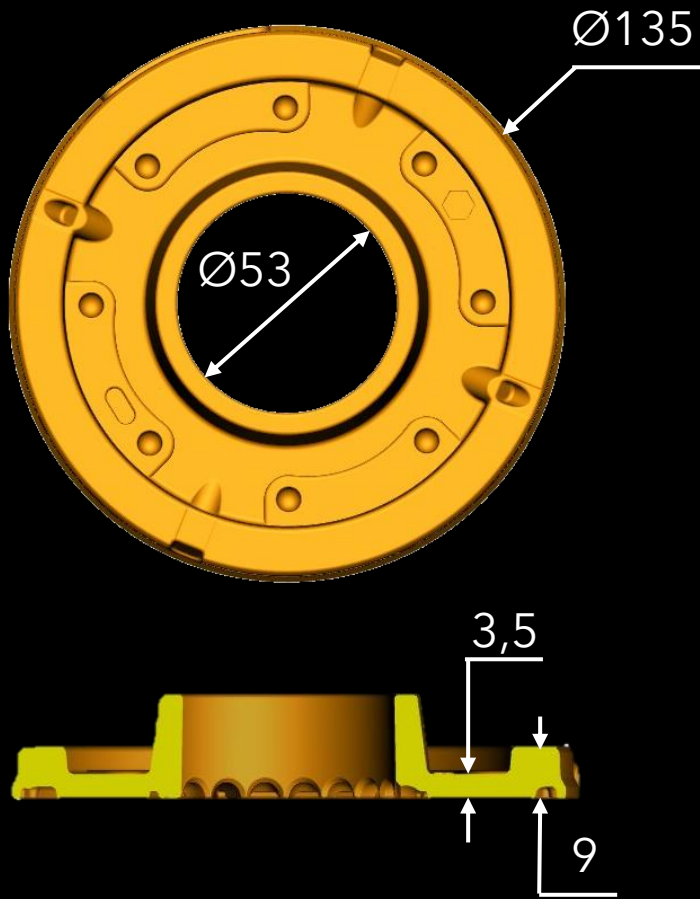


TürkTraktör

VIESSMANN



PART DETAILS



Part weight : 280 gr

Projection area of one part : 122 cm²

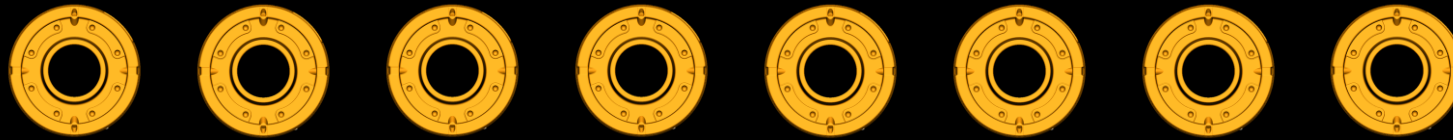
- **THE LIMITS;**

- Die will be 8 Cavity
- Machine capacity 1.900 Ton

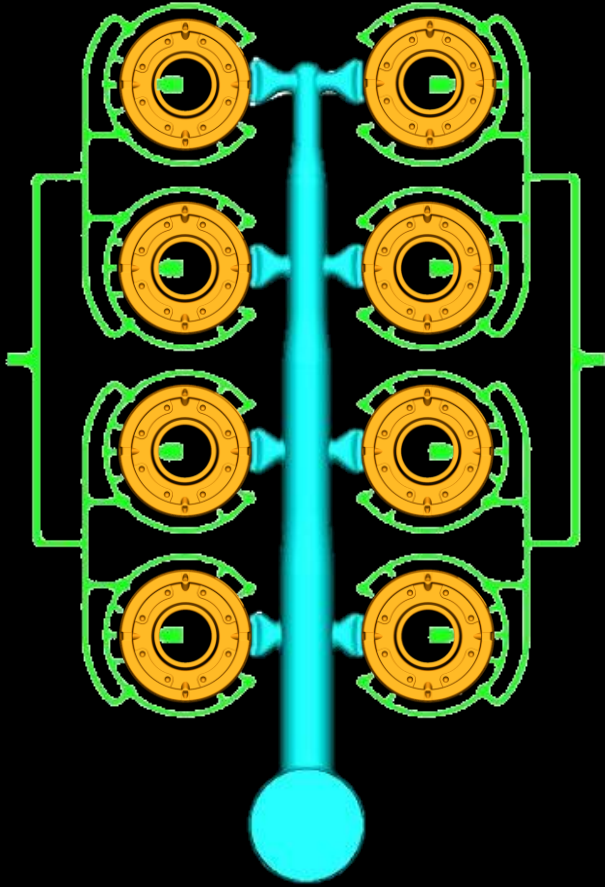
- **THE TARGETS;**

- Total projection area ~1.900 cm²
Parts 972 cm² Rest ~928cm²
- Equal filling property on each cavity
- Good thermal balance
- Equal ventilation

ALTERNATIVE DESIGNS FOR THE RUNNER



V01



PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.890 \text{ cm}^2$
- Ventilation is easy
- Maintaining thermal balance is easy.

CONS:

- No equal filling.

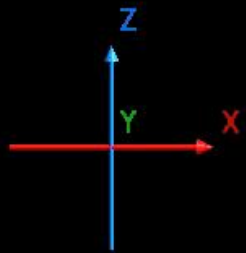
V01

PROS:

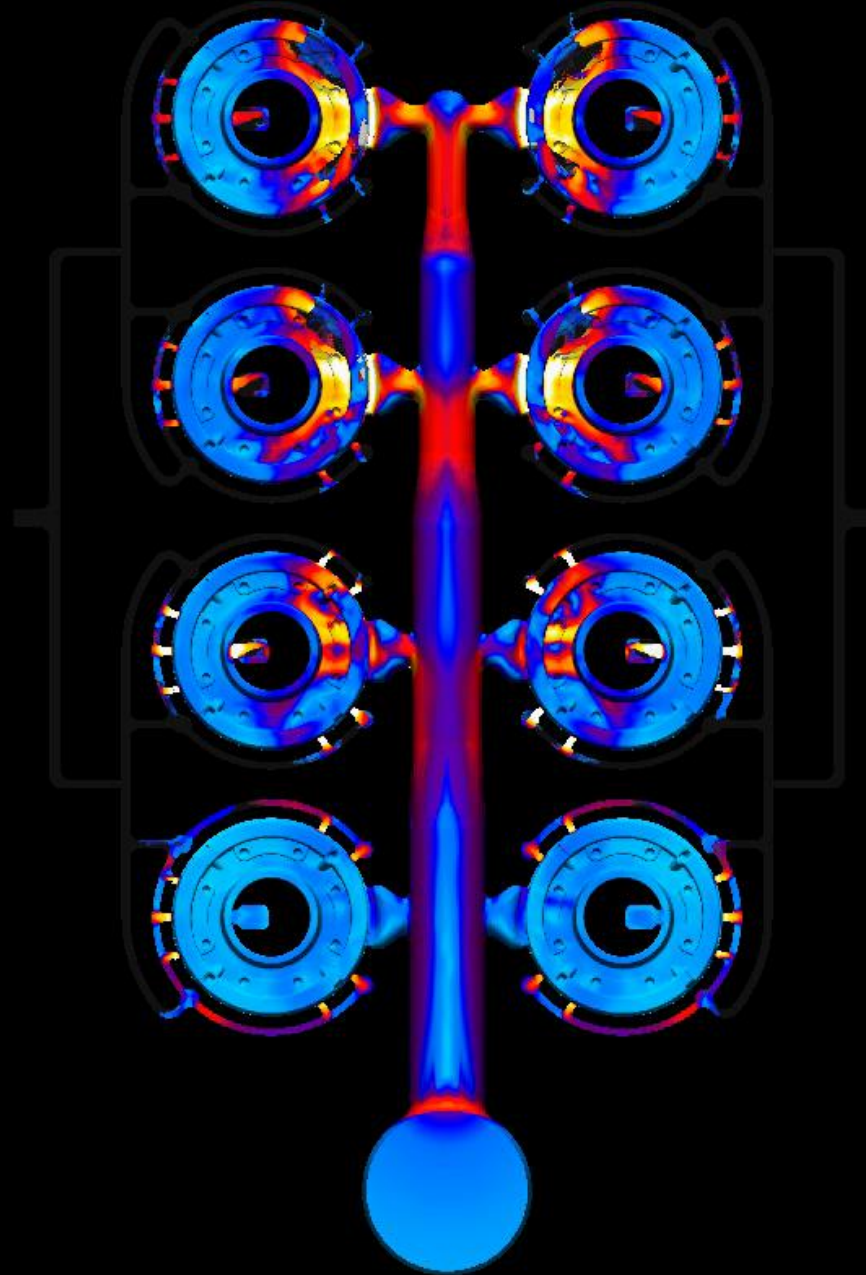
- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.890 \text{ cm}^2$
- Ventilation is easy
- Maintaining thermal balance is easy.

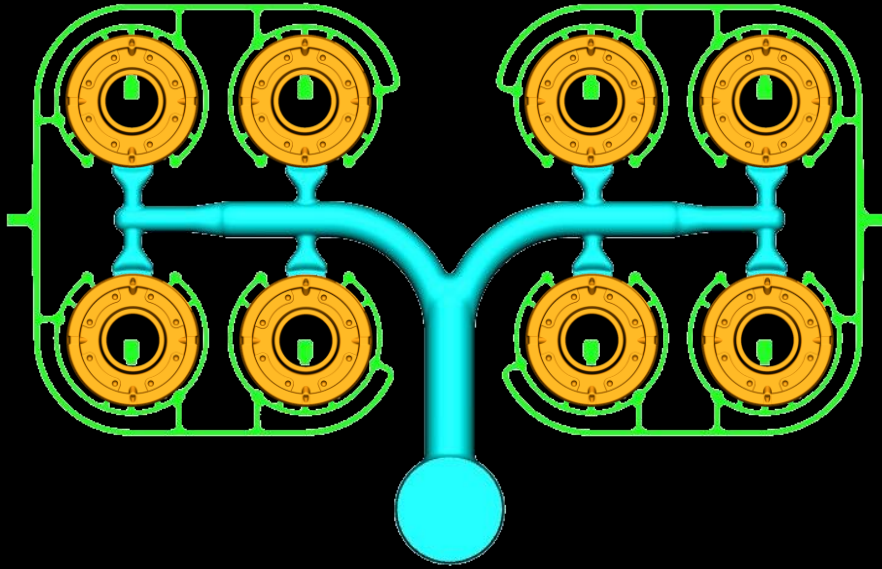
CONS:

- No equal filling.



Cycle 6, Filling, Absolute Velocity
4.720s, 91.01 %
Plunger position: 547.99 mm
X-Ray: on





PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.945 \text{ cm}^2$
- Ventilation is easy

CONS:

- No equal filling.
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging
- Second phase point is far from the parts.

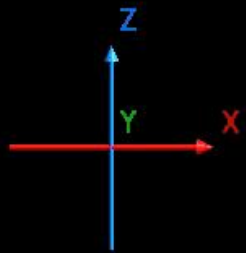
V02

PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.945 \text{ cm}^2$
- Ventilation is easy

CONS:

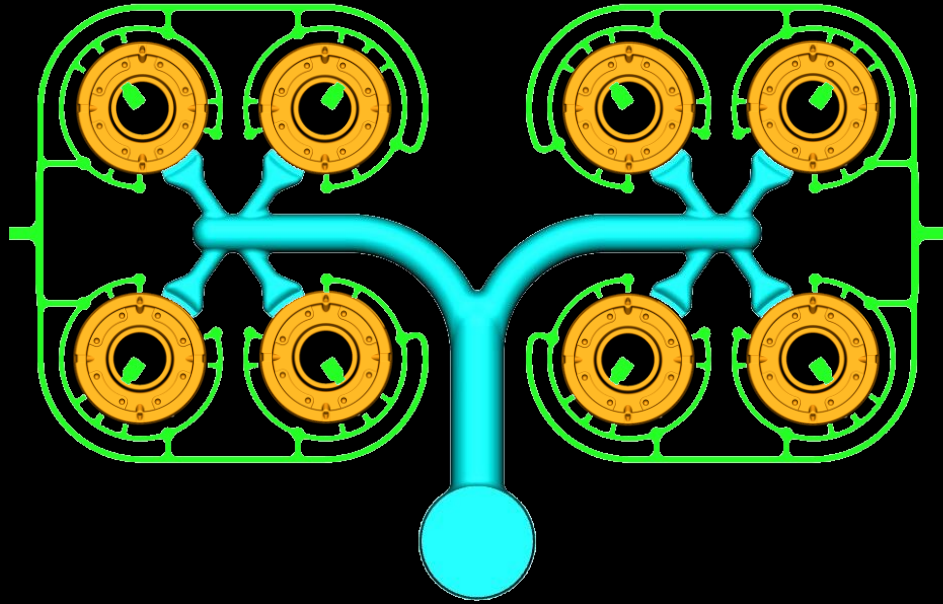
- No equal filling.
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging
- Second phase point is far from the parts.



Cycle 6, Filling, Absolute Velocity
5.312s, 78.01 %
Plunger position: 510.19 mm
X-Ray: on



V03



PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.960 \text{ cm}^2$
- Nearly equal filling
- Easy ventilation
- Second phase point is close to the parts

CONS:

- Reverse filling on the center parts
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging

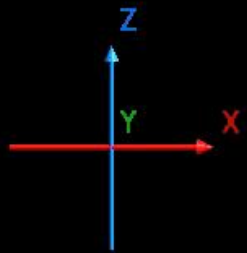
V03

PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.960 \text{ cm}^2$
- Nearly equal filling
- Easy ventilation
- Second phase point is close to the parts

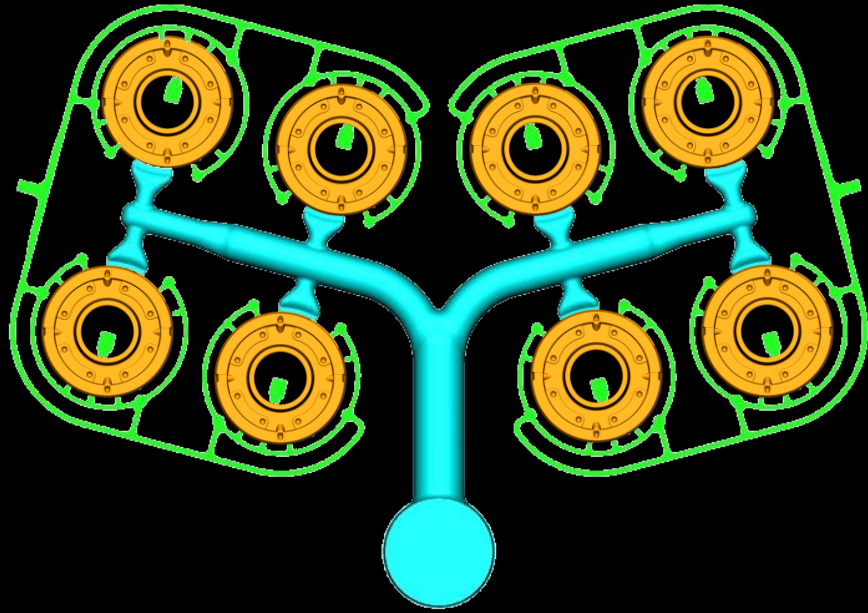
CONS:

- Reverse filling on the center parts
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging



Cycle 6, Filling, Absolute Velocity
5.562s, 80.02 %
Plunger position: 515.53 mm
X-Ray: on





PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.910 \text{ cm}^2$
- Ventilation is easy
- Shorter main runner

CONS:

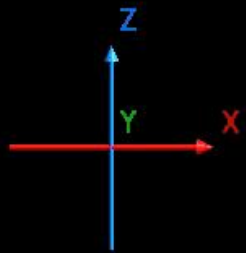
- Lost equal filling
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging
- Second phase point is far from the parts

PROS:

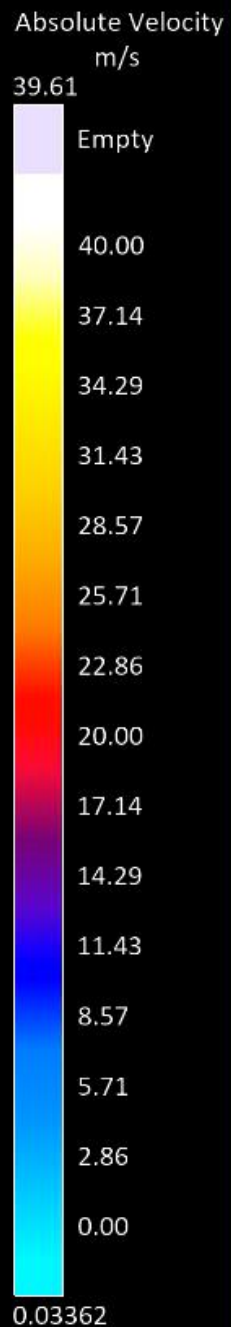
- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.910 \text{ cm}^2$
- Ventilation is easy
- Shorter main runner

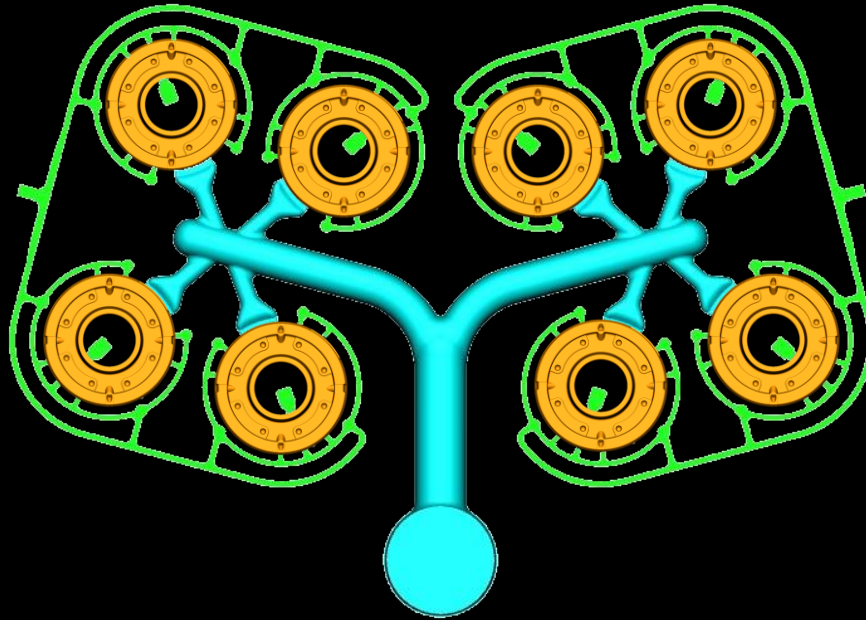
CONS:

- Lost equal filling
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging
- Second phase point is far from the parts



Cycle 6, Filling, Absolute Velocity
5.299s, 78.02 %
Plunger position: 511.92 mm
X-Ray: on





PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.920 \text{ cm}^2$
- Easy ventilation
- Second phase point is close to the parts
- Shorter main runner

CONS:

- Reverse filling on the center parts
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging

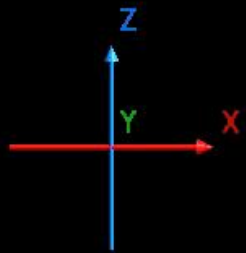
V05

PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.920 \text{ cm}^2$
- Easy ventilation
- Second phase point is close to the parts
- Shorter main runner

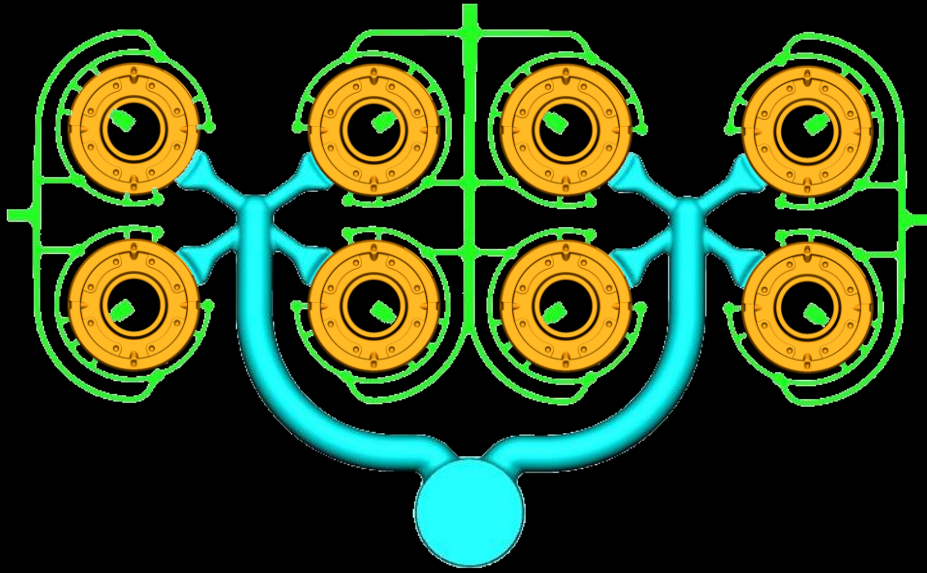
CONS:

- Reverse filling on the center parts
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging



Cycle 6, Absolute Velocity
5.524s, 81.01 %
Plunger position: 520.32 mm
X-Ray: on





PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.930 \text{ cm}^2$
- Equal filling
- Smooth and short upward movement on the main runner.
- Second phase point is close to the parts

CONS:

- Reverse filling on the center parts
- Thermal balance is not good
- Ventilation is challenging in center parts

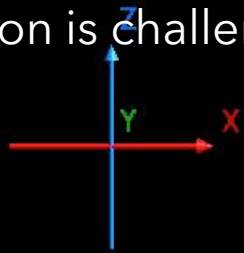
V06

PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.930 \text{ cm}^2$
- Equal filling
- Smooth and short upward movement on the main runner.
- Second phase point is close to the parts

CONS:

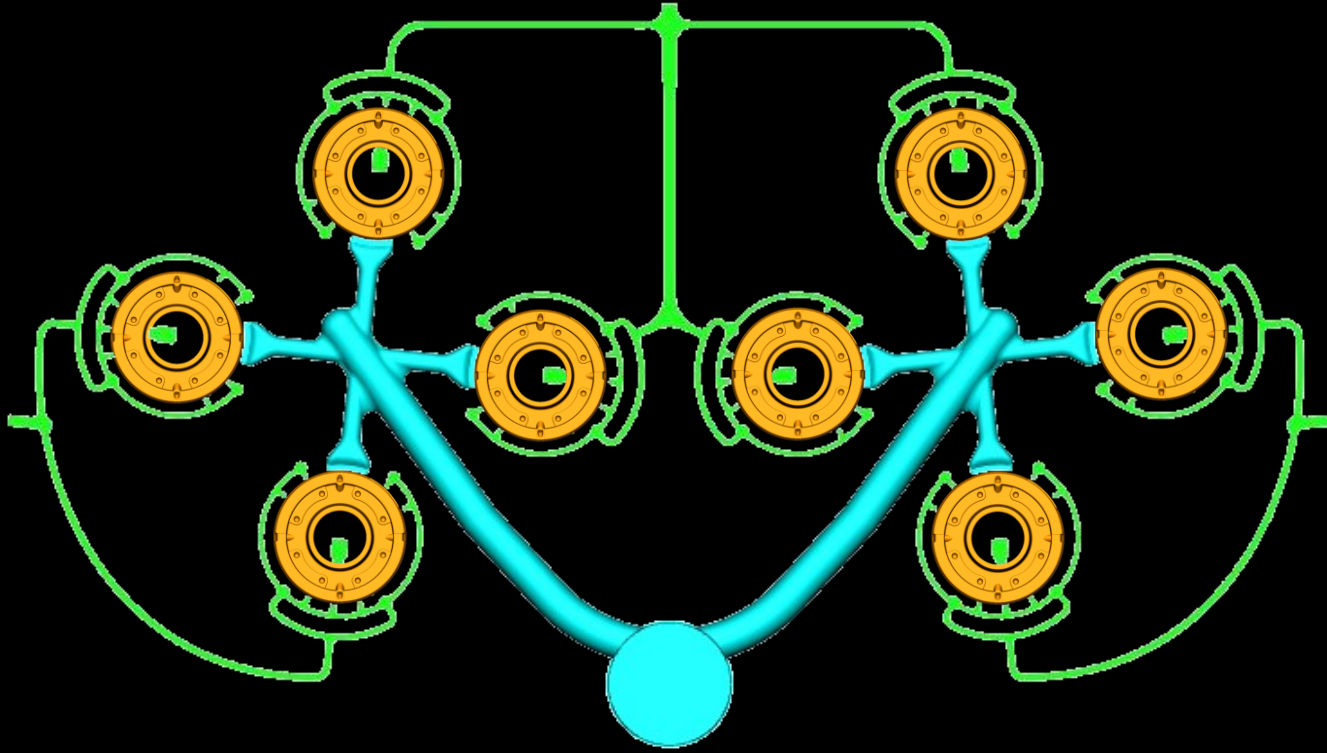
- Reverse filling on the center parts
- Thermal balance is not good
- Ventilation is challenging in center parts



Cycle 6, Filling, Absolute Velocity
5.565s, 83.00 %
Plunger position: 526.64 mm
X-Ray: on



V07



PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.940 \text{ cm}^2$
- Equal filling
- Smooth and short upward movement on the main runner.
- Ventilation is easy

CONS:

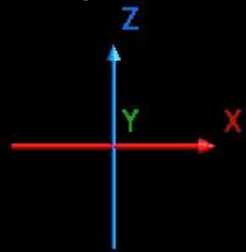
- Reverse filling on the center parts
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging

PROS:

- Meet target surface area $\sim 1.940 \text{ cm}^2$
- Equal filling
- Smooth and short upward movement on the main runner.
- Ventilation is easy

CONS:

- Reverse filling on the center parts
- Maintaining thermal balance is challenging

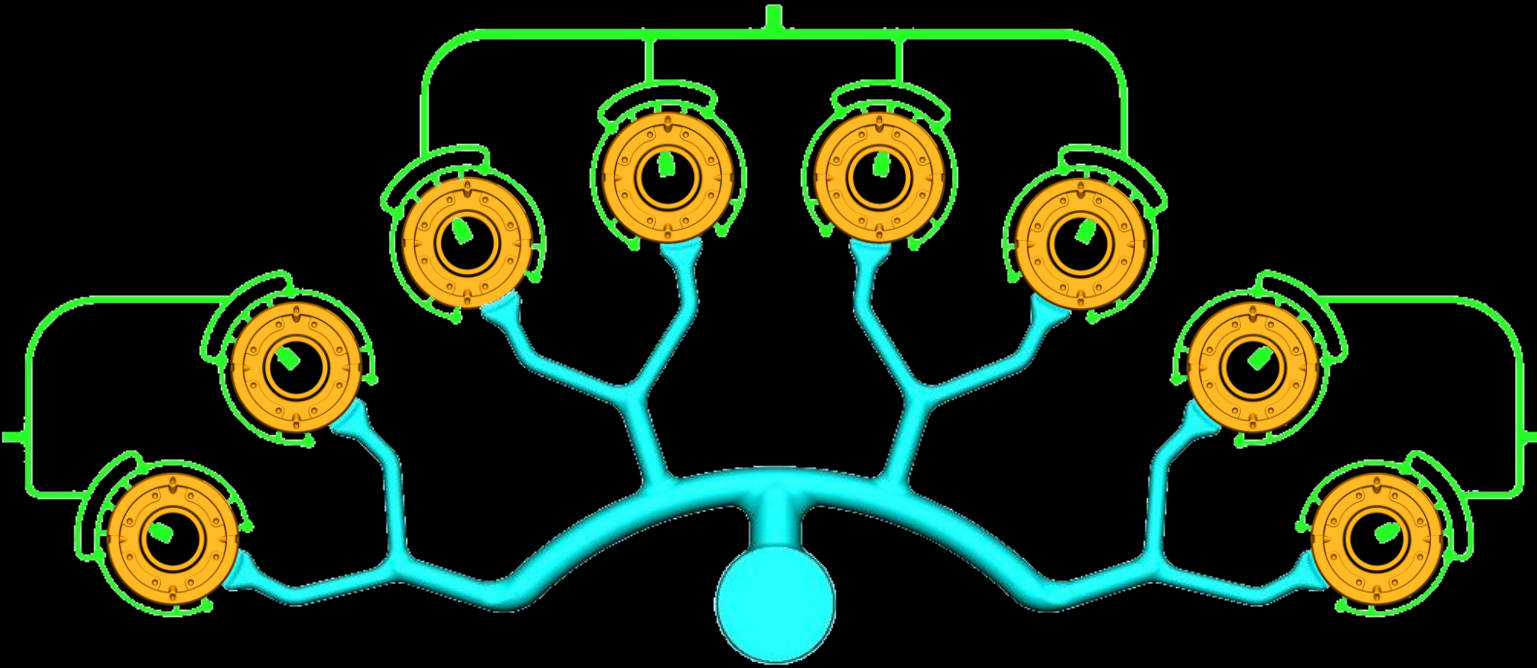


Cycle 6, Filling, Absolute Velocity
5.425s, 78.00 %
Plunger position: 517.39 mm
X-Ray: on



0.02686

V08



PROS:

- Equal filling
- Easy ventilation
- Maintaining thermal balance is easy.

CONS:

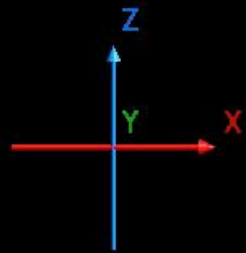
- Surface area is over target $\sim 2.260 \text{ cm}^2$
- Second phase point is far from the parts
- Turbulence on the runner.

PROS:

- Equal filling
- Easy ventilation
- Maintaining thermal balance is easy.

CONS:

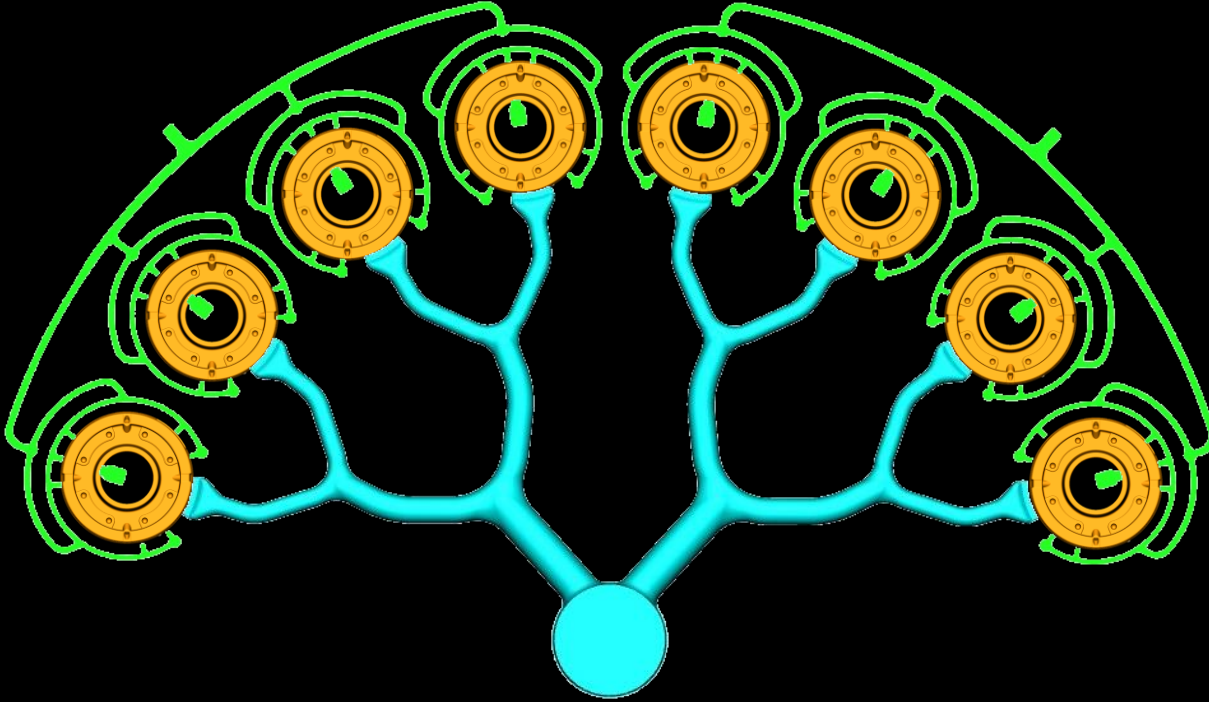
- Surface area is over target $\sim 2.260 \text{ cm}^2$
- Second phase point is far from the parts
- Turbulence on the runner.



Cycle 6, Filling, Absolute Velocity
5.647s, 83.01 %
Plunger position: 525.14 mm
X-Ray: on



V09



PROS:

- Equal filling
- Smooth upwards movement on the main runner.
- Easy ventilation
- Maintaining thermal balance is easy

CONS:

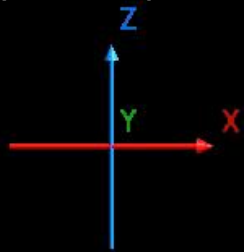
- Surface area is over target $\sim 2.280 \text{ cm}^2$
- Second phase point is far from the parts

PROS:

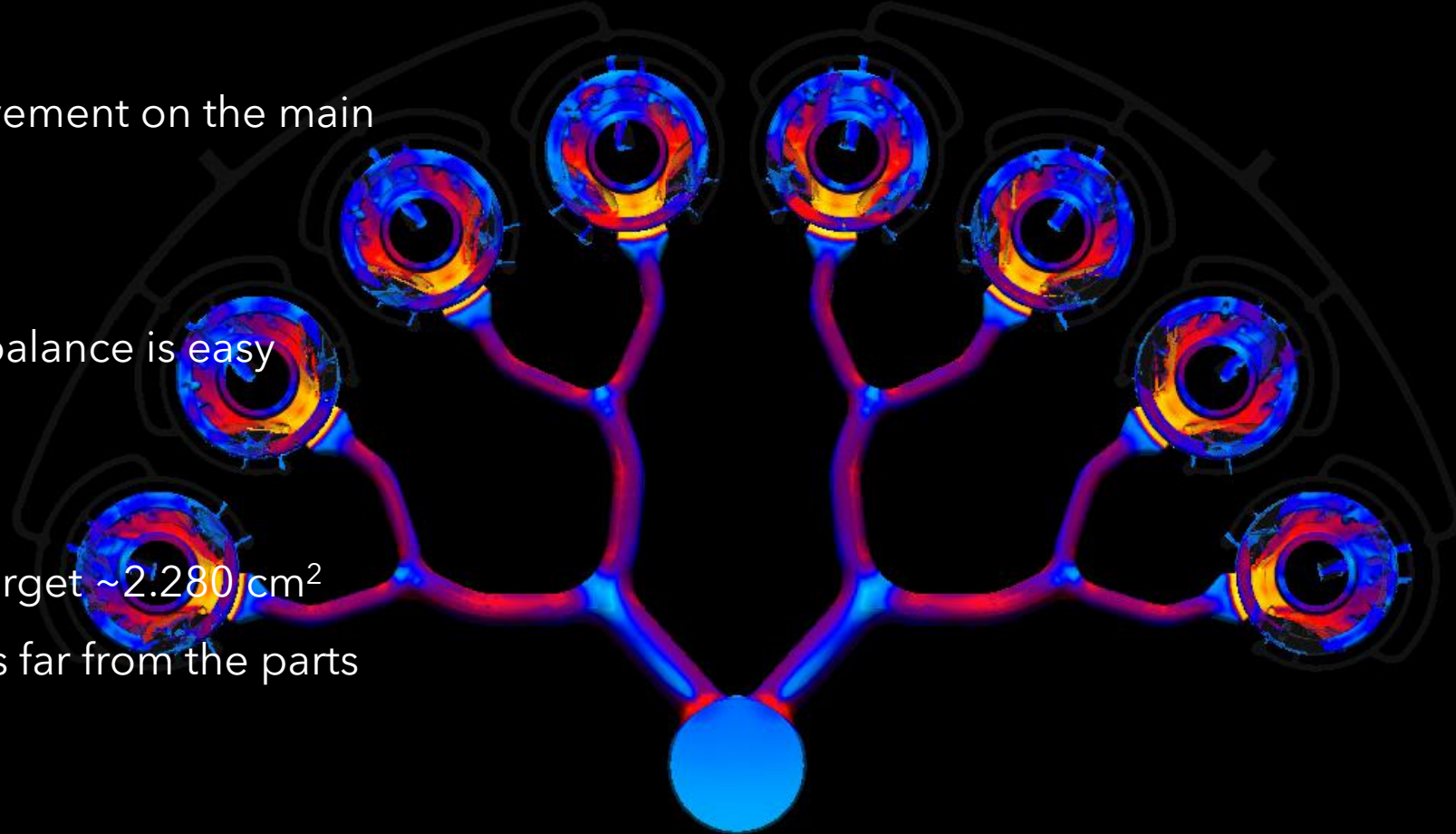
- Equal filling
- Smooth upwards movement on the main runner.
- Easy ventilation
- Maintaining thermal balance is easy

CONS:

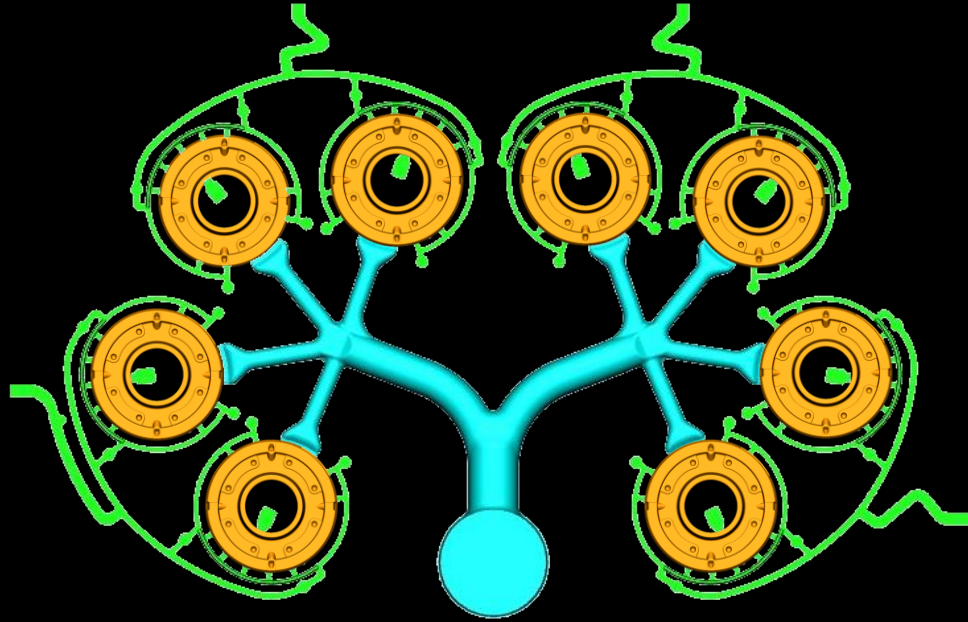
- Surface area is over target $\sim 2.280 \text{ cm}^2$
- Second phase point is far from the parts



Cycle 6, Absolute Velocity
5.017s, 79.02 %
Plunger position: 516.29 mm
X-Ray: on



V10



PROS:

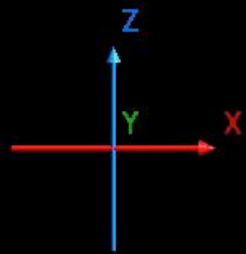
- Equal filling
- Meet target surface area $\sim 1920 \text{ cm}^2$
- Smooth upwards movement on the main runner.
- Easy ventilation
- Maintaining thermal balance is easy

V10

GOOD TO GO !

PROS:

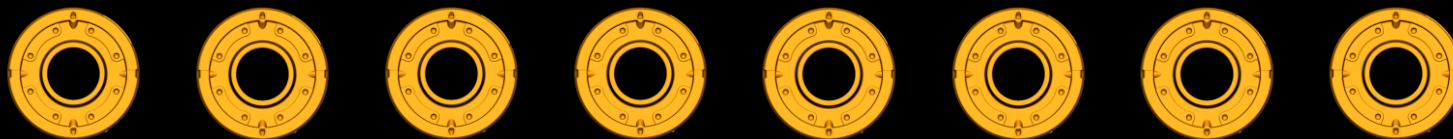
- Equal filling
- Meet target surface area $\sim 1920 \text{ cm}^2$
- Smooth upwards movement on the main runner.
- Easy ventilation
- Maintaining thermal balance is easy



Cycle 6, Absolute Velocity
5.566s, 84.01 %
Plunger position: 532.44 mm
X-Ray: on







OPTIMIZATION



OPTIMIZATION PARAMETERS

Design Variables ×					
Design Variables					
	Design Variable	Lower Limit (m/s)	Upper Limit (m/s)	Step (m/s)	Dependency
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Filling - First Phase - Final Plunger Velocity	0.1	0.2	0.05	<None>
	Design Variable	Lower Limit (mm)	Upper Limit (mm)	Step (mm)	Dependency
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Filling - Acceleration Phase - Start - At Plunger Position	395.0	405.0	5.0	<None>

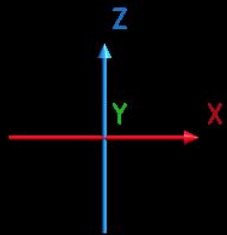
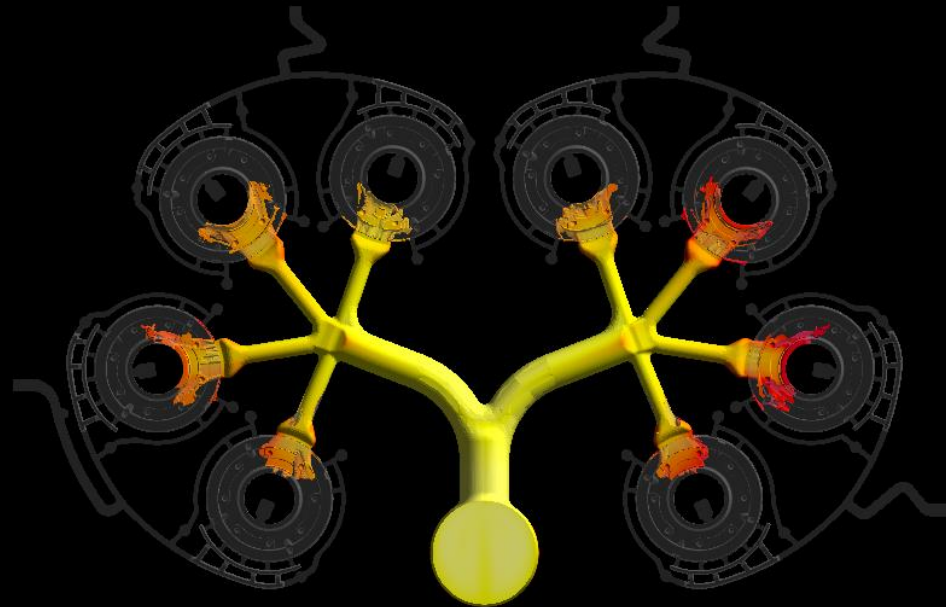
Data Table ×								
   	All designs	Rank	Design	Filling - Acceleration P...	Filling - First Phase - Fi...	Air (-)	Balanced Filling (-)	Smooth Filling (-)
	<Pareto Set>	Rank 1	Design 6	400.0	0.2	40.04	862.03	67741.54
	Marked	Rank 2	Design 3	395.0	0.2	112.78	863.35	67573.45
		Rank 3	Design 5	400.0	0.15	94.93	862.64	69476.53
		Rank 4	Design 8	405.0	0.15	137.94	860.97	70893.16
		Rank 5	Design 9	405.0	0.2	254.48	852.96	67437.88
		Rank 6	Design 2	395.0	0.15	127.84	874.15	69965.16
		Rank 7	Design 1	395.0	0.1	172.83	927.08	70226.06
		Rank 8	Design 7	405.0	0.1	55.73	920.67	75461.25
		Rank 9	Design 4	400.0	0.1	159.02	923.86	73501.73

ACCELERATION POINT AFTER OPTIMIZATION

Temperature
°C



DESIGN-6

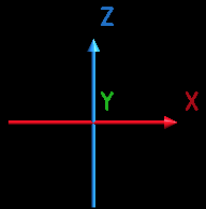
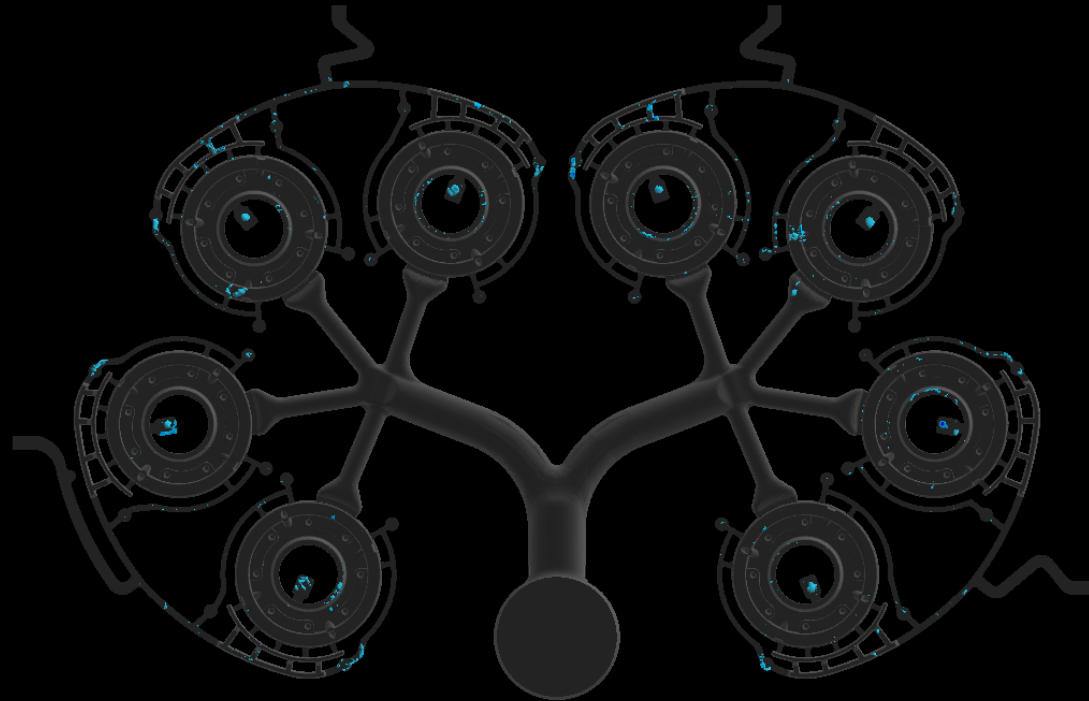


WHT_011_290
Filling, Temperature
4.018s, 56.00 %
Plunger position: 459.53 mm
X-Ray: on

AIR RESULT AFTER OPTIMIZATION

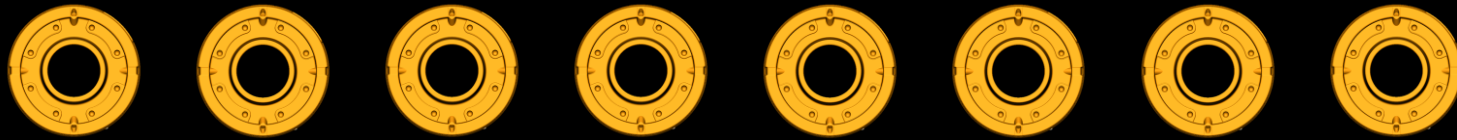


DESIGN-6

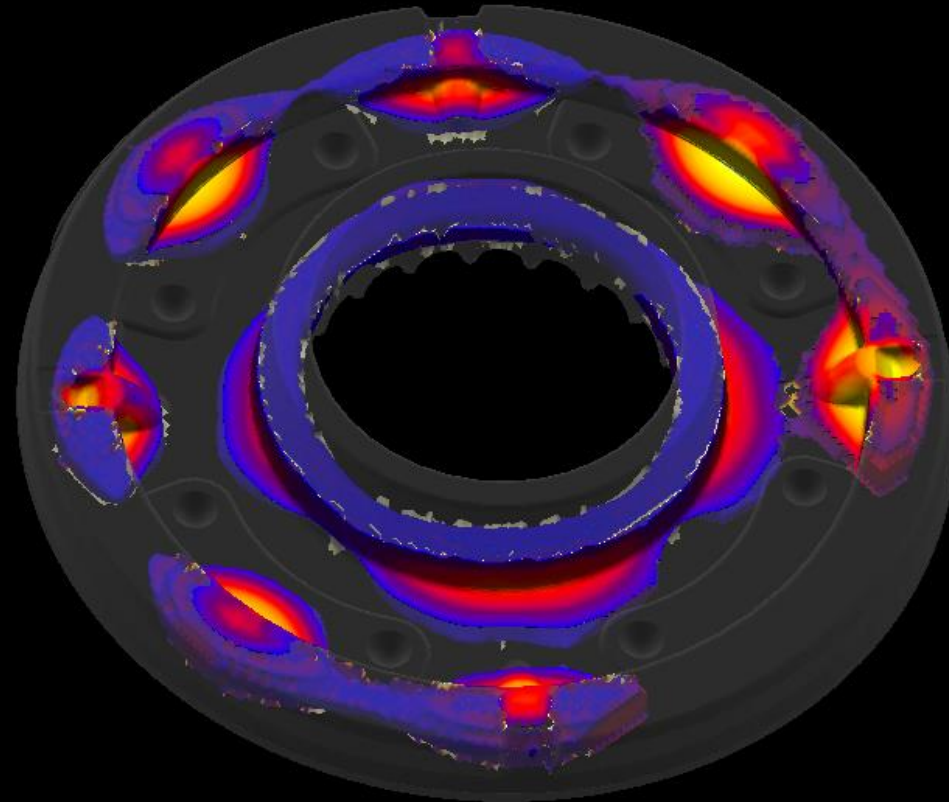


WHT_011_290
Filling, Air
4.047s, 100.00 %
Plunger position: 571.51 mm
X-Ray: on, range [3.00, 99.72] kg/m³

SOLIDIFICATION



HOT SPOT



Hot Spot FSTime

s

11.03

Empty

11.03

10.93

10.83

10.73

10.63

10.52

10.42

10.32

10.22

10.12

10.02

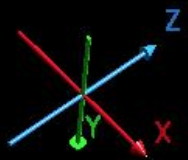
9.92

9.82

9.72

9.61

9.614

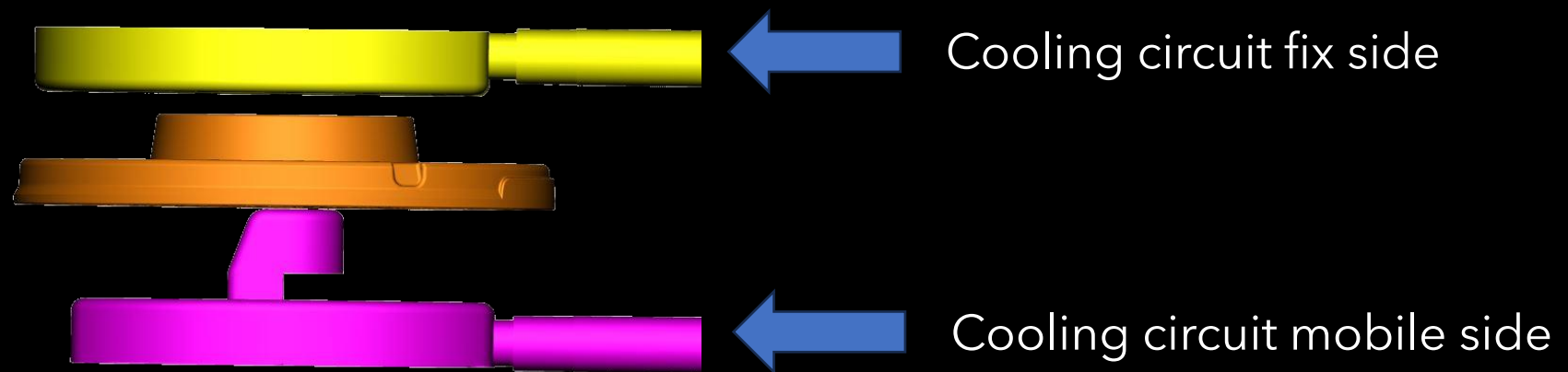
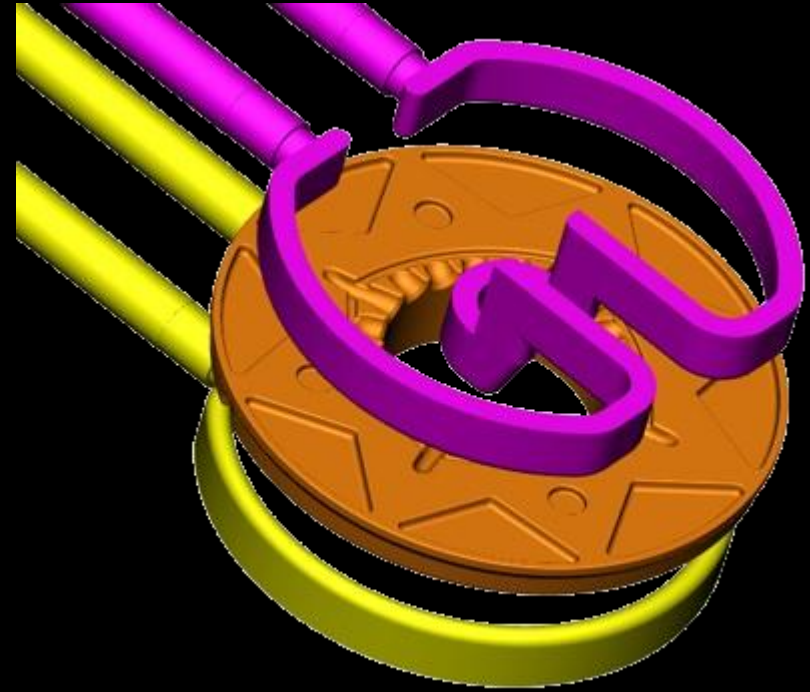
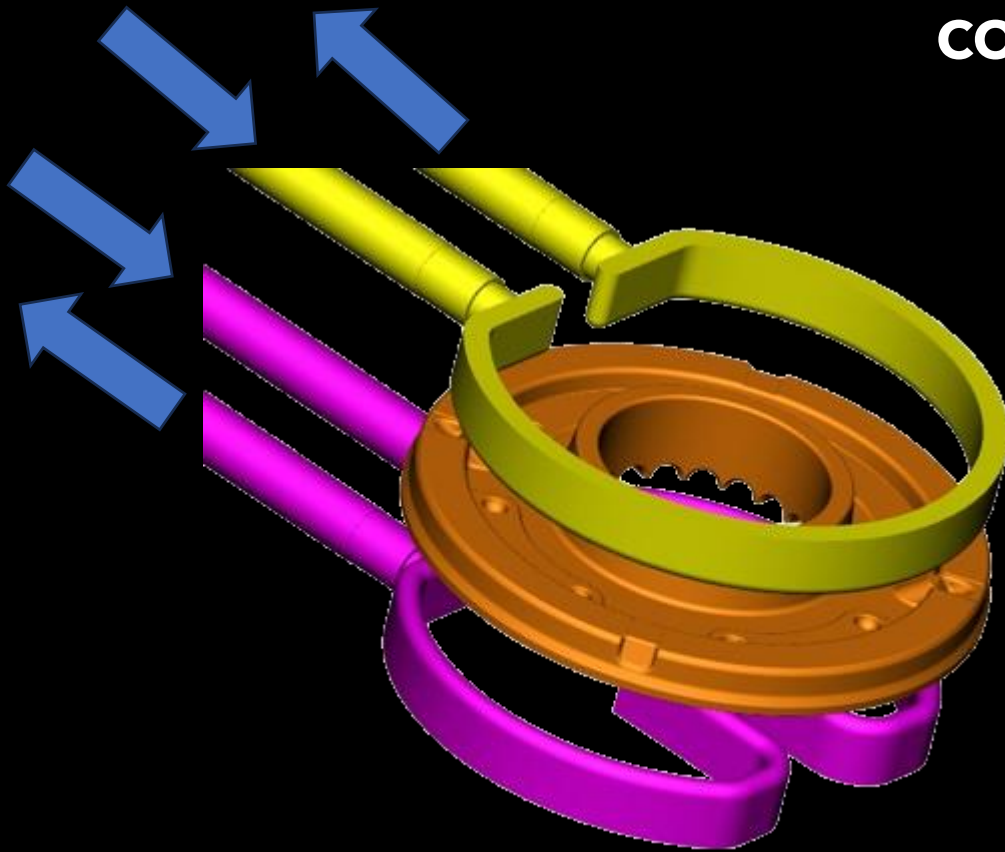


Cycle 6, Solidification & Cooling until Eject, Hot Spot FSTime

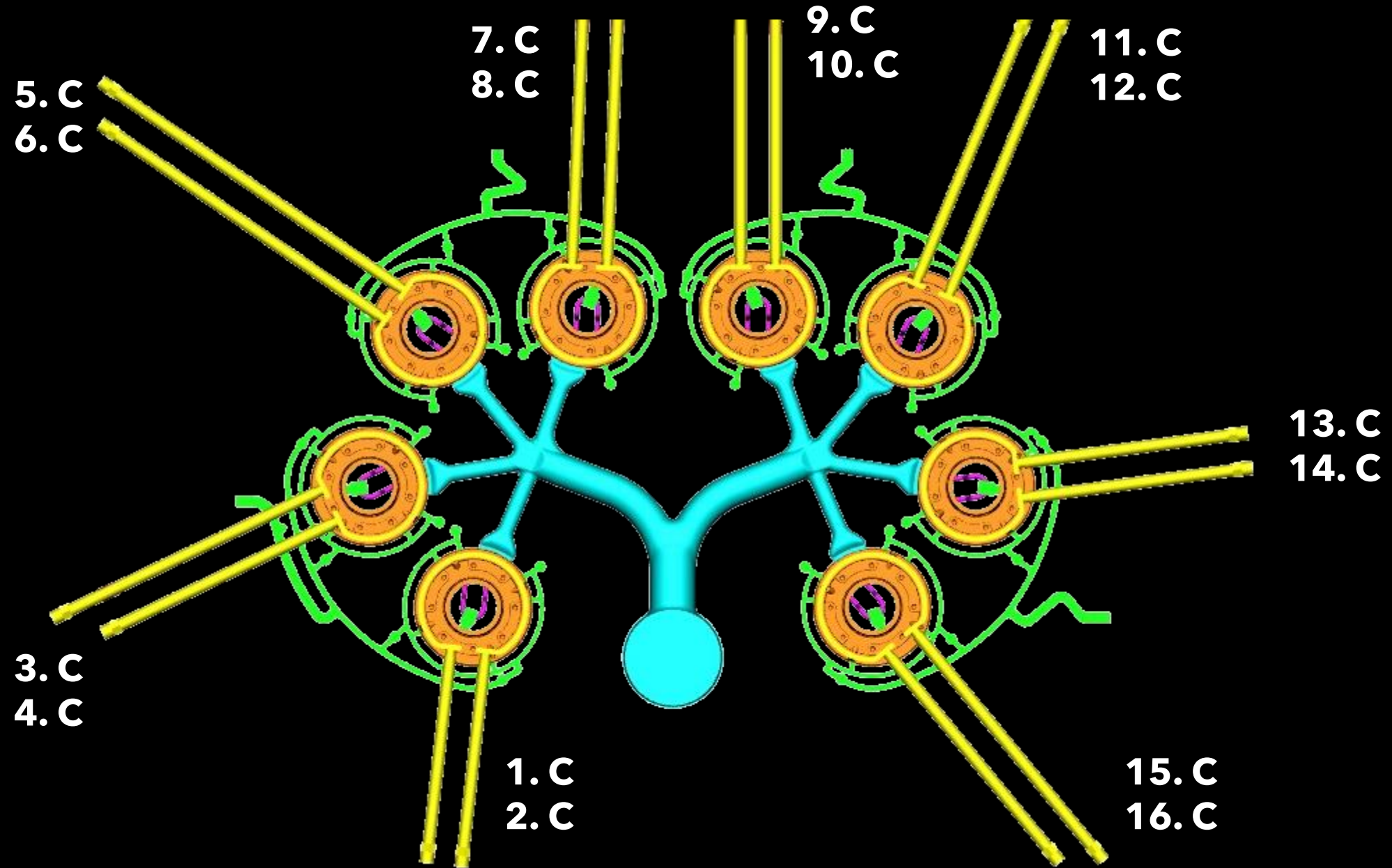
1min 43.2s, 92.50 %

X-Ray: on, range [10.00, 11.00] s

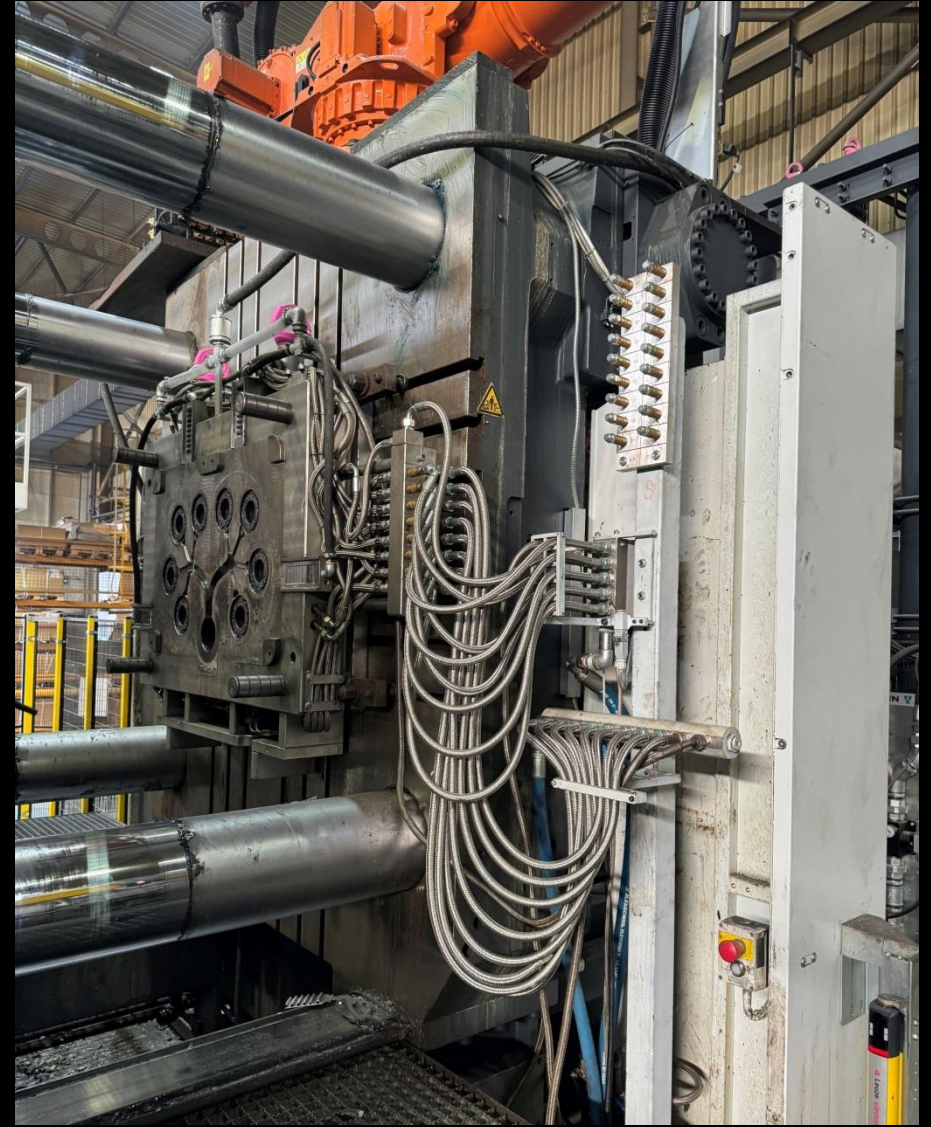
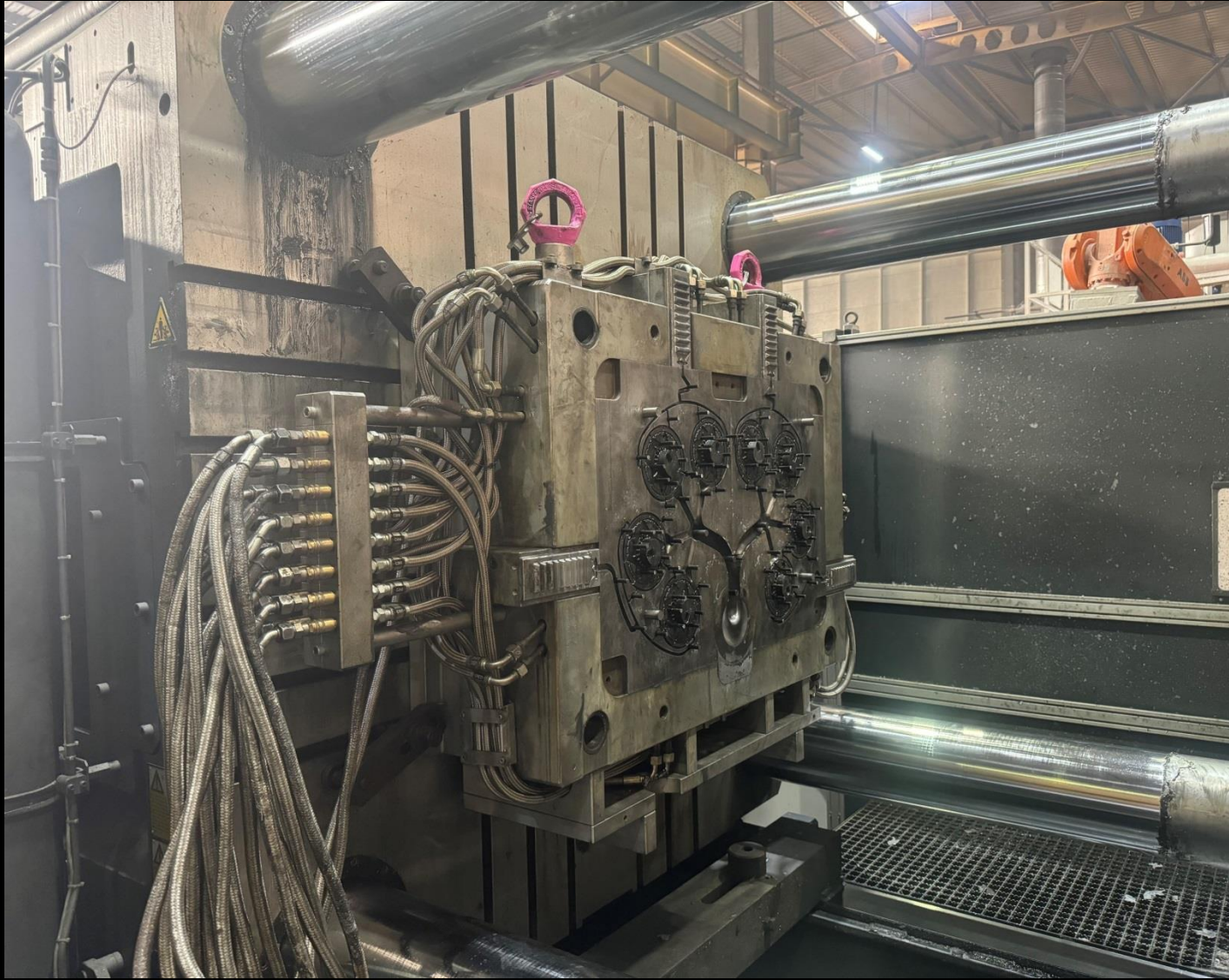
COOLING DESIGN



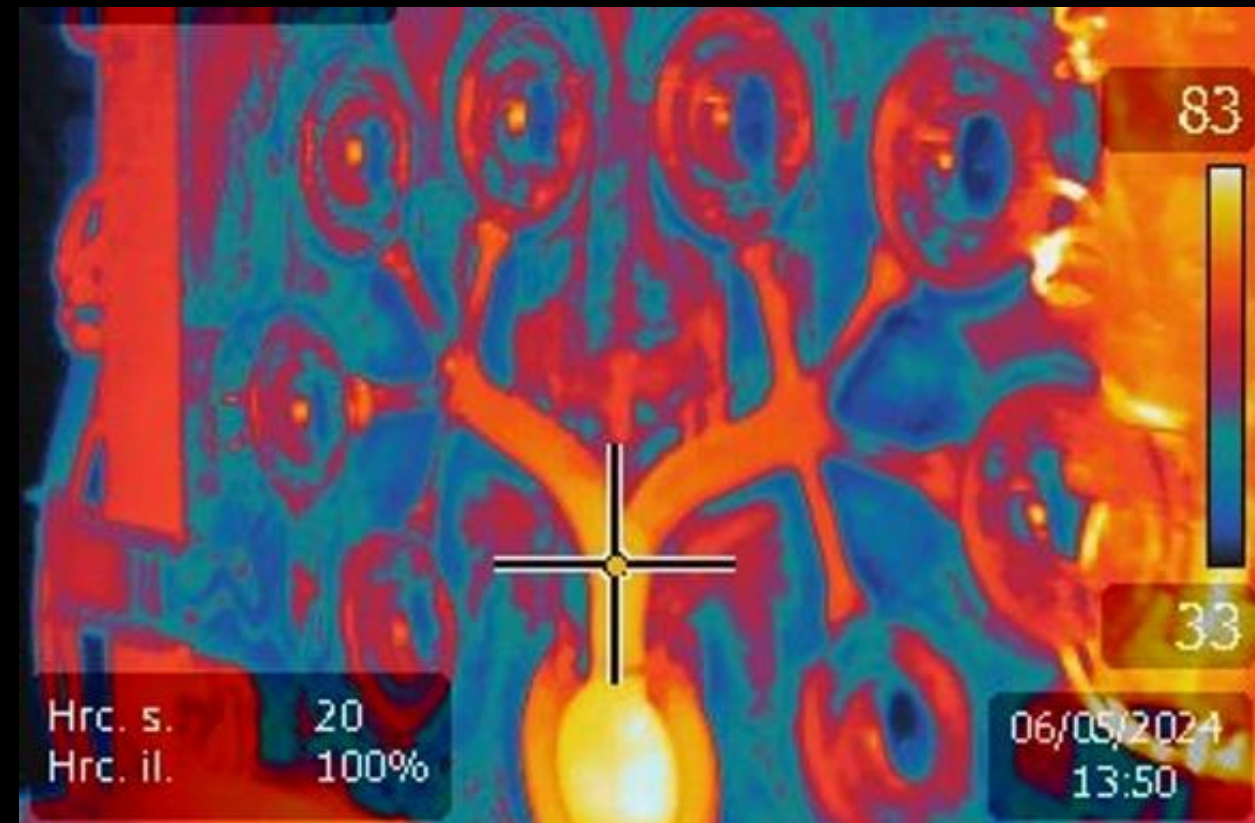
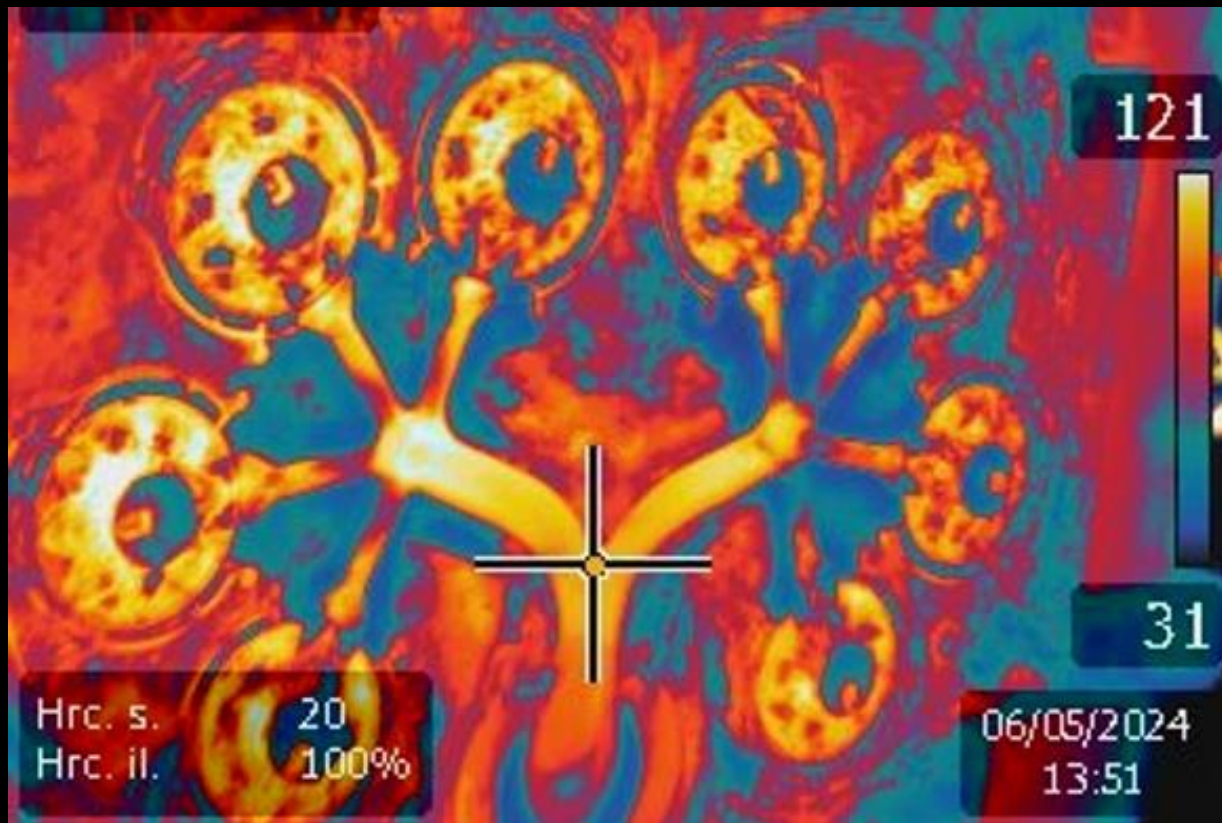
COOLING DESIGN



COOLING DESIGN

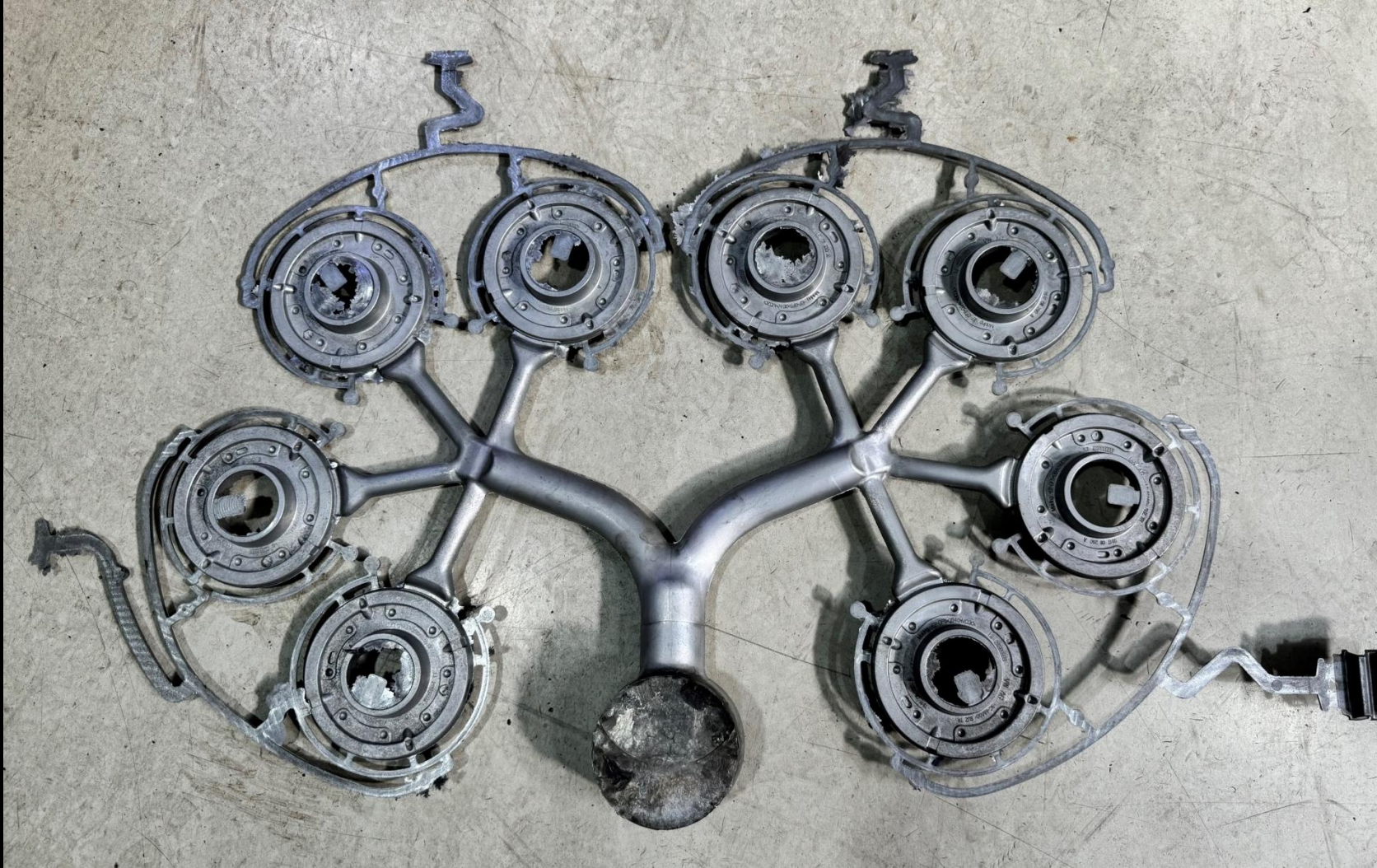


COOLING DESIGN



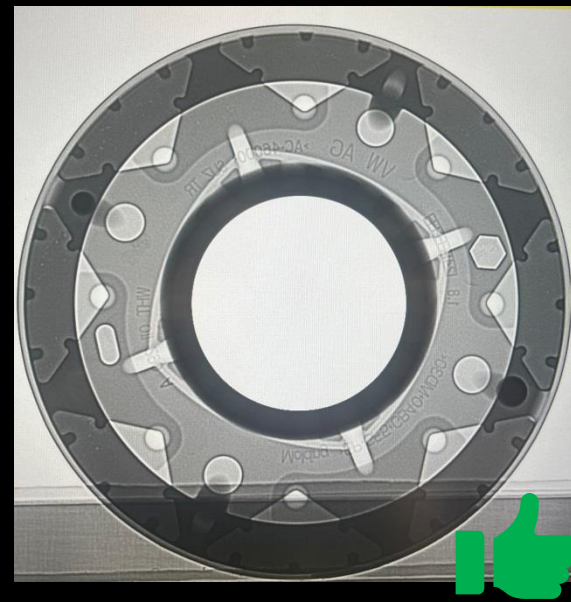
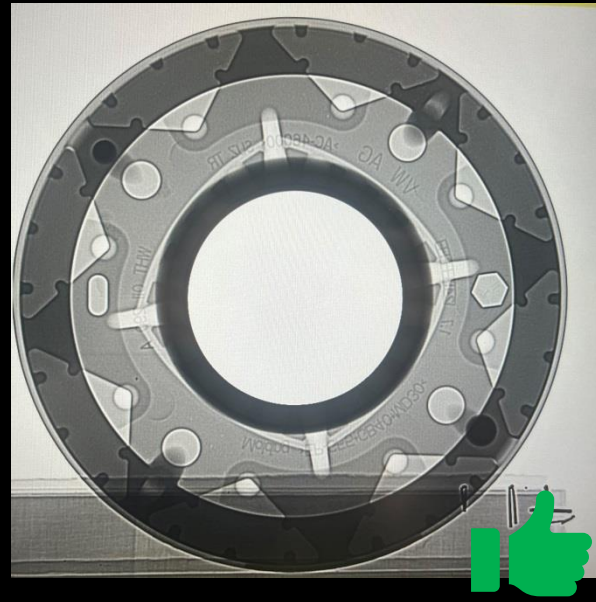
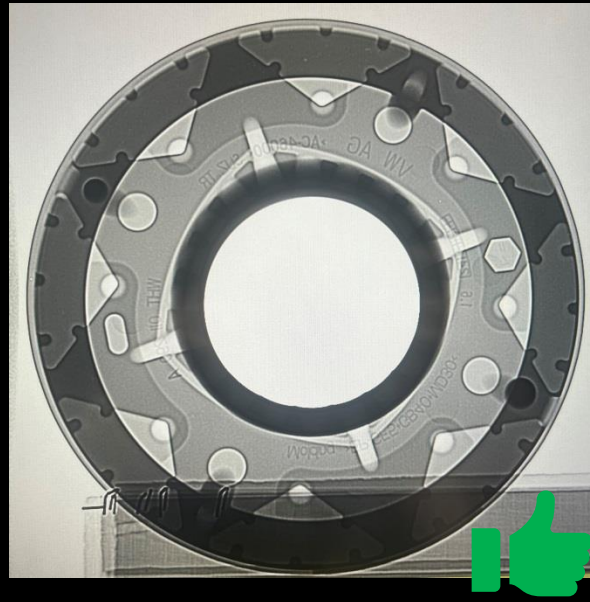
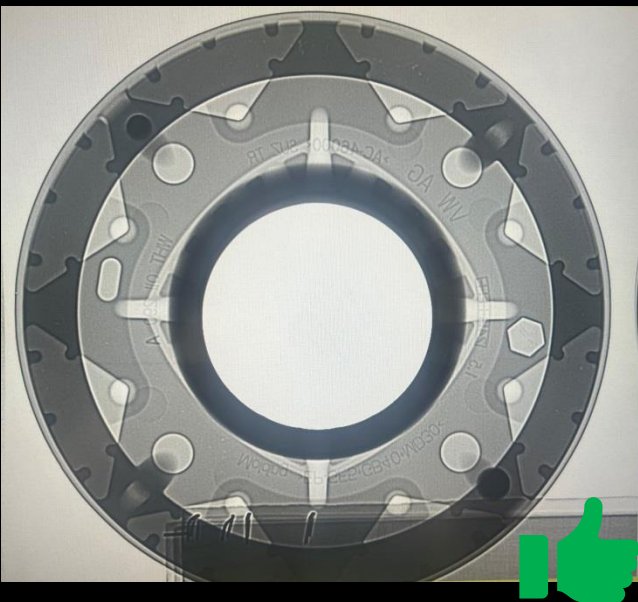
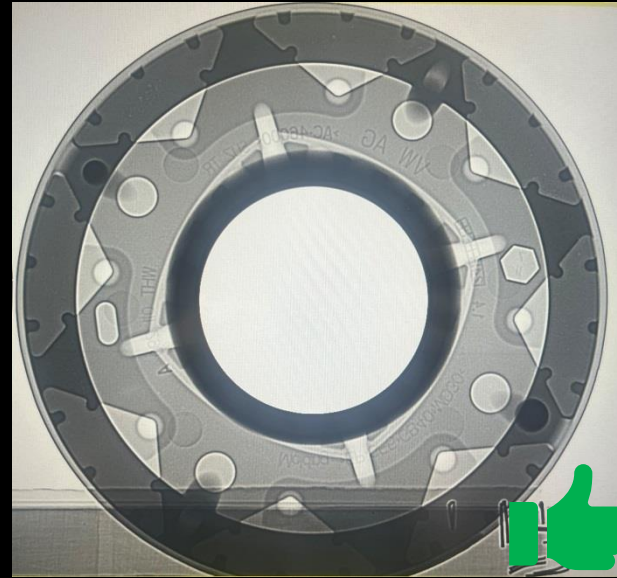
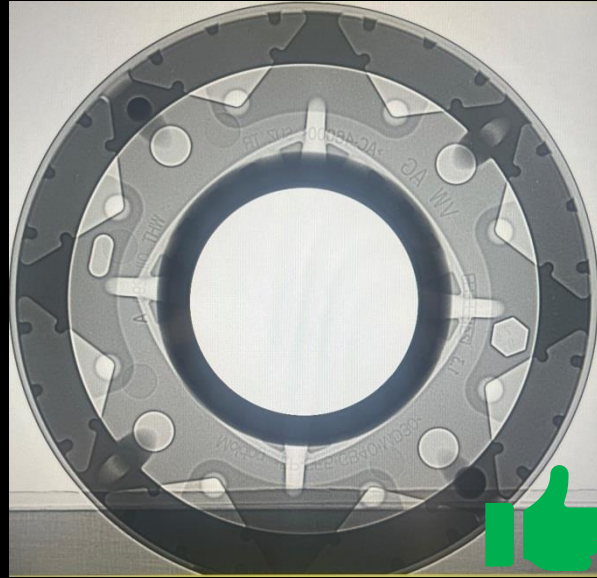
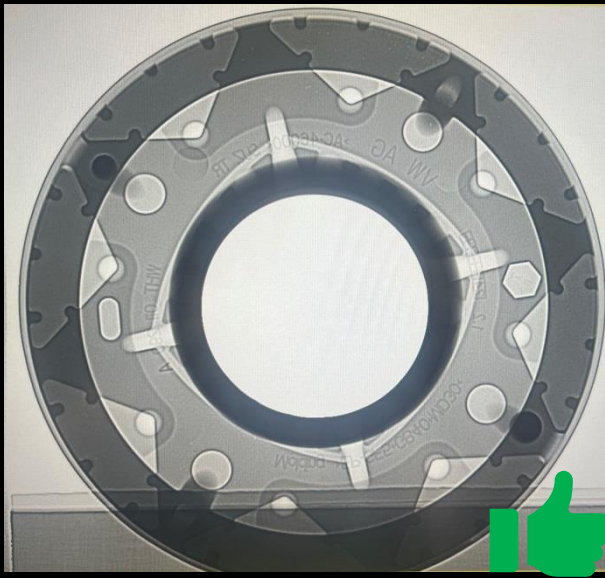
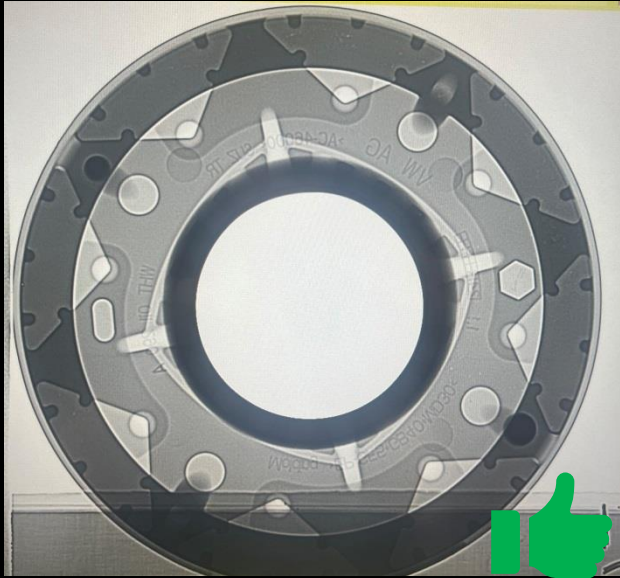
Thermal camera photo of the die after spot cooling

RESULT



From the first tryouts !

RESULT



THANKS !